Reading and Phonics Workshop

Year 1

Aims of the session:

- To give parents and carers practical ideas of how to support their child's reading;
- To share helpful resources and websites;
- To give recommended reading ideas;
- To stress the importance of working together to ensure all children can read at the highest level;

Aims for your child:

To encourage a love of reading,

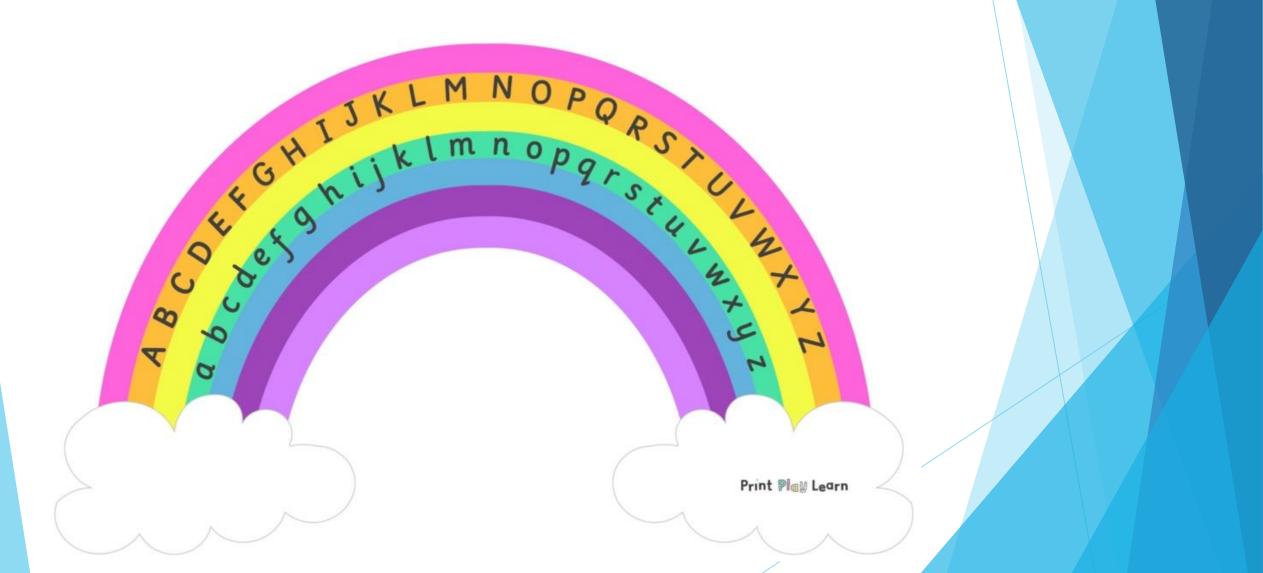
To develop fluency and independence,

To develop comprehension and understanding,

► To develop a wide reading repertoire.



Alphabet



So what is Phonics?

Children are taught to read by breaking down words into separate sounds, 'phonemes'. They are then taught how to blend these sounds together to read the whole word.

Children have a 20mins phonics lesson each day and they are encouraged to use these strategies to read and write in other lessons (4 'formal' lessons and one consolidation/games lesson). One of these lessons will be when we focus on solely using a new tricky word learnt in sentences.

There are around 44 different sounds

Phonics Phases

- Phase 1 hearing sounds / segmenting and blending
- Phase 2 first grapheme (spelling) for consonant sounds and short vowel sounds e.g. s, a, t
- Phase 3 digraphs and first spelling of long vowel sounds e.g. ch, ay,
- Phase 4 blending adjacent consonants, consonant clusters and revision e.g. stamp, playground
- Phase 5 alternative spellings of long vowel sounds e.g. ay, ai, a-e
- Phase 6 range of spelling rules (ongoing) e.g. sion, tion, cian

Terminology

- Phoneme One unit of sound
- Grapheme letter name
- Digraph- 2 letters making one sound- cow, 'ow'
- Trigraphs- 3 letters making one sound –night, 'igh'
- Consonant cluster
- Split digraphs- 2 vowels with a consonant inbetween. This used to be known as the magic e! spine - i_e

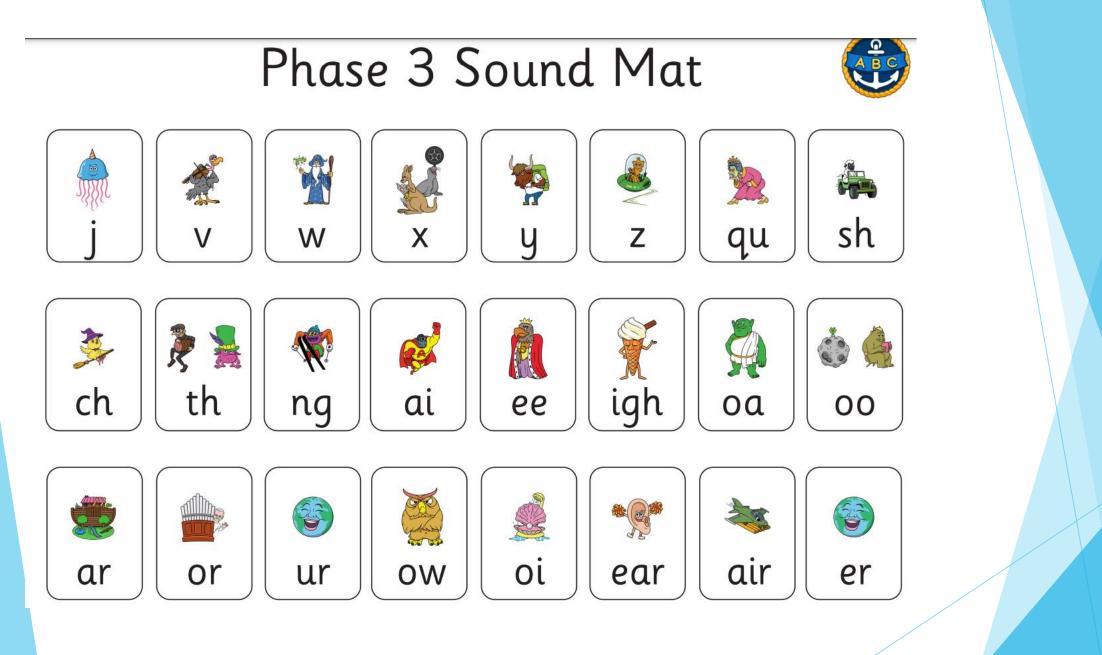
So how is phonics different in Year 1 to Reception?

Your turn:

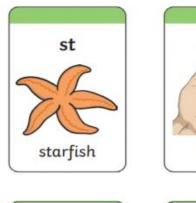
How many different ways can we make igh?

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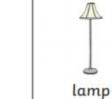
Flashcards:



Year 1 focus – Consonant Clusters





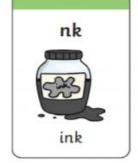


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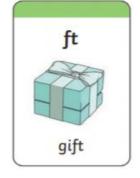
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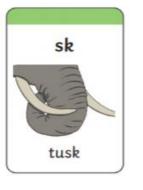






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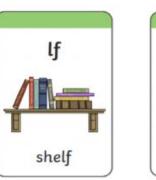






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crab

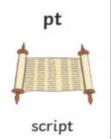


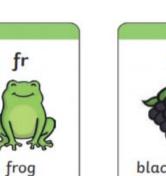
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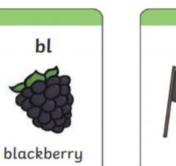
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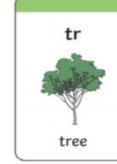




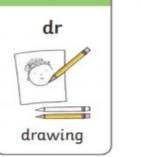


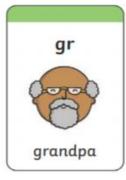


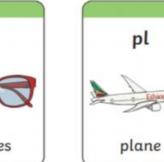


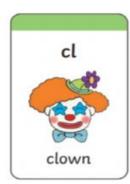


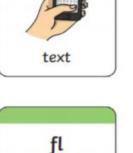












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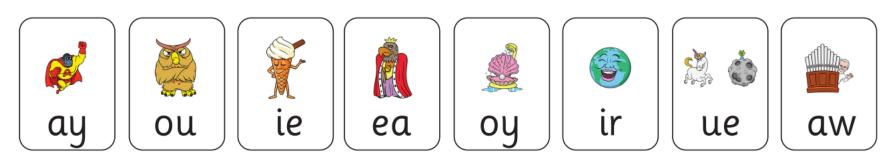






Phase 5 Unit 1 Sound Mat

ABC







Lesson time:

Revisit/review - flashcards

Teach

Practise





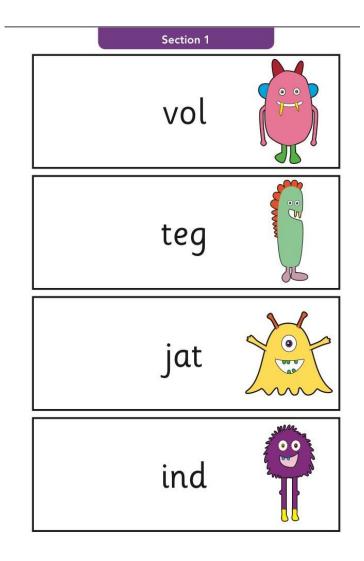
Example of writing: What does it say?

Year 1 Phonics check

The screening will take place throughout the week beginning June. The children cannot retake the test at any other time so it is very important your child is in school during this week.

The check has been designed so that children of all abilities will be able to take part.

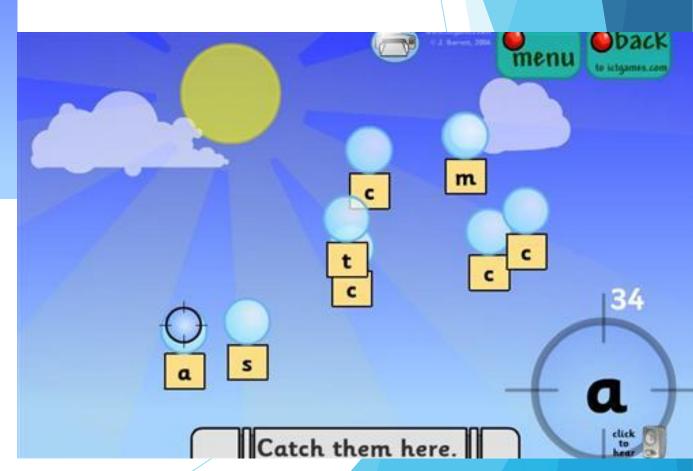
Test examples



Fun phonics games to engage with at home



phoneme p smctgpao rldbfhiu v w y z j n k e ll ss ff zz sh ch th wh ck ng qu x



- Tricky word song Youtube
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R087lYrRpgY&t=5s



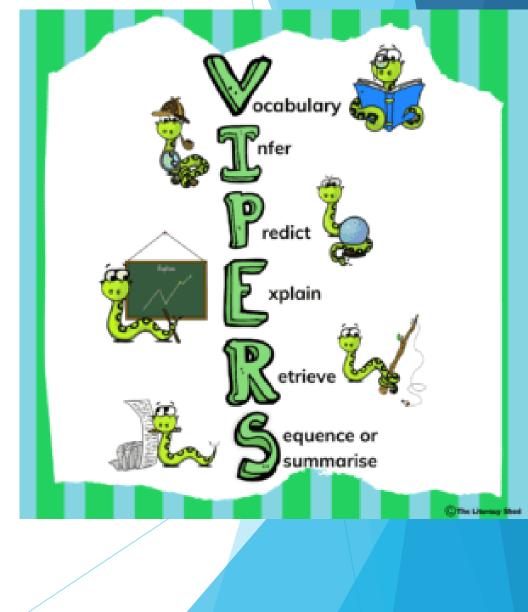
Before Reading

- If it is the first time your child has read the book, look at the cover and title with them to predict what they think the book might be about.
- Make links to other books read with similar themes, the same characters and/or similar authors/illustrators.
- Give them time to flick through the book (do a picture walk).

During Reading

- Ask your child many questions about the characters in the book as you read the story.
- Have your child use his/her finger to follow the direction of the text (top to bottom, left to right)
- Have your child look at the sentences and see if he/she can identify any of the sounds in the words or any of the HF words they have learnt.

Discuss the meaning of any unfamiliar words.





Any Questions